

The Reformation



The **Roman Catholic Church** was a dominant force in Europe for centuries after the fall of the western Roman empire in A.D. 476.

In the late medieval period, however, the Church was losing its power. Several factors contributed to the Church's declining influence starting with

THE PLAGUE-questioned GOD

VOCABULARY

- Indulgence- purchasing a pardon for sin.
Buying your way into heaven.
- Usury- the lending of money at interest.
- Simony- the Church allowed men to buy their positions as priests.
- Excommunicate-when the Pope would kick someone out of the Catholic Church

REFORMATION

- **REFORM MEANS TO FIX OR MAKE BETTER**
- THE **REFORMATION** WAS ABOUT FIXING THE PROBLEMS WITH THE CATHOLIC CHURCH
- IN SOME CASES PEOPLE PROTESTED THE CHURCH BY LEAVING- FORMING **PROTESTANT (PROTEST) RELIGIONS**
- **THE CATHOLIC CHURCH WOULD REFORM ITSELF ALSO**

WHY did the PROTESTANT REFORMATION
happen?

Because the church made people say **I-MAD**

- **I**-INDULGENCES SOLD by the CHURCH
- **M**-MERCHANT WEALTH-USURY-Church thought **GREED (interest)** was wrong
- **A**-ABSOLUTE POWER of the CATHOLIC CHURCH
- **D**-DOMINATION of the CATHOLIC CHURCH BY ITALIANS

Early Dissenters (critics) of the Catholic Church

- **John Wycliffe**—England
Denied Pope had worldly power
- **Jan Huss**—Bohemia
burned at the stake.



** In the early 1300s and 1400s,
These men criticized the Church's
Practices.



Europe: 1500 AD





Martin Luther (the Lutheran tradition)-
from Germany-HRE

MARTIN LUTHER's IDEAS BEST for Protestants- Followers called Lutherans

- **B=Bible** should be used as the **ultimate authority**, not the pope or church
- **E=Equality** is given to **all humans** before God
- **S=Salvation** is won **by faith alone**
- **T=95 Theses** (statements) attacked indulgences and Roman Catholic Church
- **Pope excommunicated him

Why were Luther and his followers called Protestants?



**Because they
protested
against the
Catholic
Church.**

The Spread of Lutheranism



John Calvin
(the Calvinist tradition)

-FROM FRANCE moved to
SWITZERLAND



JOHN CALVIN-POW-Calvinism

- P-Predestination-GOD chooses who is going to heaven
- O-Our moral lives reveal is chosen by GOD-Righteous Life
- W-Work Ethic Honors God



Calvin's World in the 16th Century

King Henry VIII (the Anglican tradition)



King Henry VIII

DAD of the Anglican Church



D Divorce: Henry wants one but
Pope says no. Q: Which letter of IMAD
probably made Henry mad?

A Anglican Church – Henry is in charge - no
pope

D Did away with Catholic Church's land &
wealth in England

DISSOLUTION of the MONASTERIES

- HENRY VIII TOOK ALL the WEALTH OF the CATHOLIC CHURCHES
- DESTROYED the BUILDINGS AND CLAIMED the LAND and GOODS for HIS KINGDOM



Queen Elizabeth I

The Elizabethan Era- ELIZABETH **A.T.E.Victory** for Breakfast

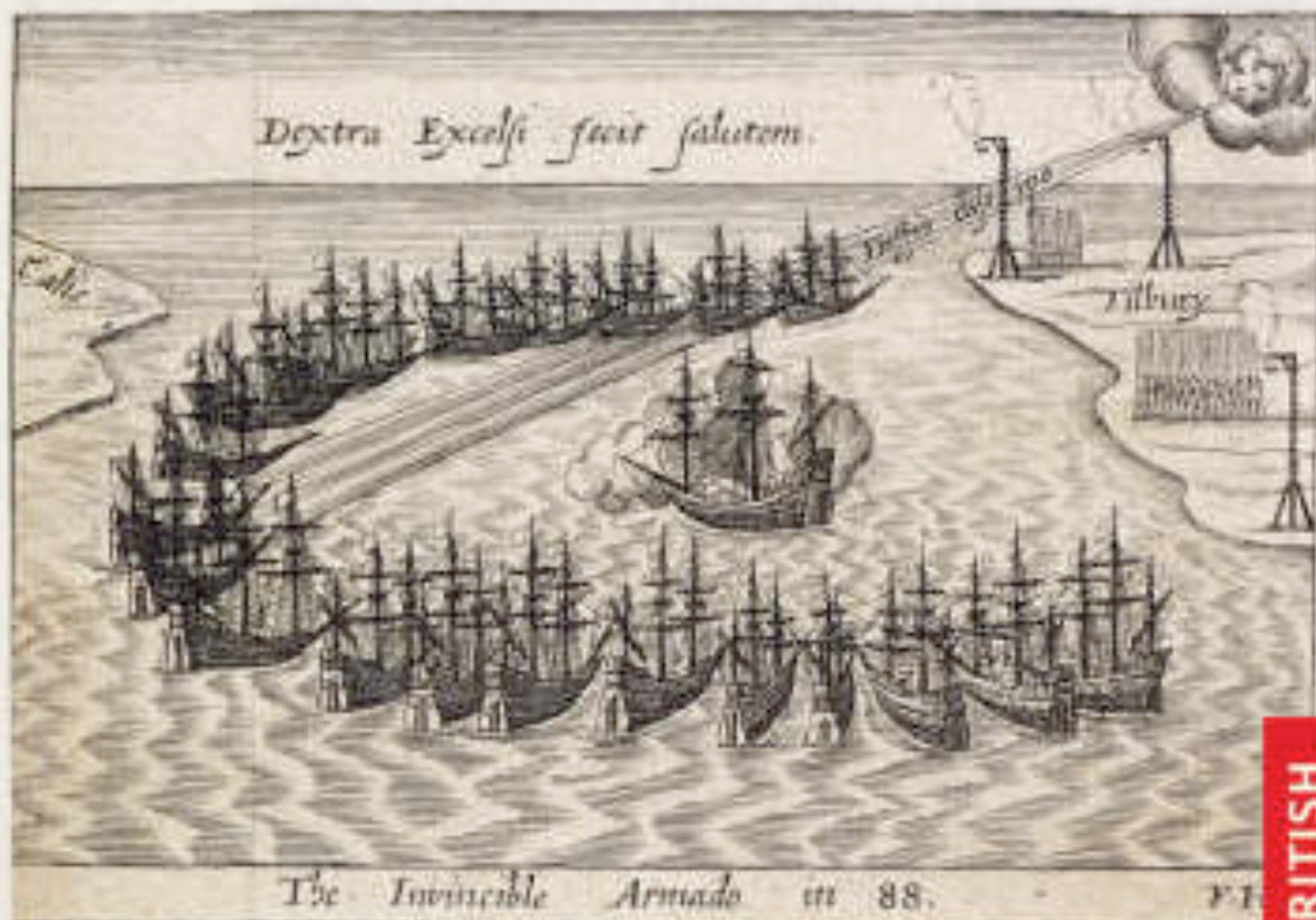
- **A-ANGLICAN CHURCH-NATIONAL CHURCH of ENGLAND-ACT of SUPREMACY**
- **T-TOLERANCE TOWARDS DISSENTERS**
- **E-EXPANSION for OVERSEAS COLONIES in AMERICA LED to COLONIALISM**
- **VICTORY –ENGLAND DEFEATED THE SPANISH ARMADA**



Elizabeth A.T.E. Victory

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Dextra Excelsi facit salutem.





REFORMATION in GERMANY

- Princes in ***Northern Germany*** converted to Protestantism. Pope not head of church
- Hapsburg Family and Holy Roman Empire supported the CATHOLIC CHURCH in the South.
- Conflict between Catholics and Protestants resulted in
- **THE THIRTY YEARS WAR-1618-1648 spread throughout Europe**
- **TREATY of WESTPHALIA ended Thirty Years War**

Reformation Events in France

1572 St. Bartholomew Day Massacre of Huguenots (French Protestants).

1592-Catholic monarchy granted Protestant Huguenots freedom of worship by the Edict of Nantes (later revoked).

1628-Cardinal Richelieu changed the focus of the Thirty Years' War from a religious to a political conflict-so France could become more powerful in Europe.

ANABAPTISTS

- DID NOT BELIEVE IN PARTICIPATING IN GOVERNMENT AND WAR
- DIFFERENT TYPE of BAPTISM
- PERSECUTED BY PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS
- AMISH AND MENNONITES are descendants of this religion

EUROPE

IN 1519

Scale Miles

100 200 300

- Boundary of the Holy Roman Empire
- Domains of the House of Habsburg
- Brandenburg
- Lands of the Union of Calmar
- Church Lands
- Bourbon Lands



CATHOLIC-COUNTER REFORMATION

- Remember people were leaving **THE CATHOLIC CHURCH** so they had to fix their problems to get people back to the **CATHOLIC CHURCH**
- So COUNTER means against the **PROTESTANT REFORMATION**
- **THE COUNCIL of TRENT** reaffirmed **Catholic Church Doctrines(beliefs)**

The Counter Reformation

**The Catholic Church
Reformed Its**

S.I.N.S.

S.

Society of Jesus (Jesuits) proselytized for Catholic Church



A classical oil painting of St. Ignatius of Loyola, the founder of the Society of Jesus. He is depicted from the chest up, turned slightly to his left, looking upwards with a contemplative expression. He has a beard and mustache, and his hair is receding. He is wearing a red and gold patterned garment, likely a Jesuit cassock. The background is dark and indistinct.

The Jesuits

St. Ignatius of Loyola
Discipline & Obedience to the Pope

Inquisition: church
court to punish
Protestant heretics

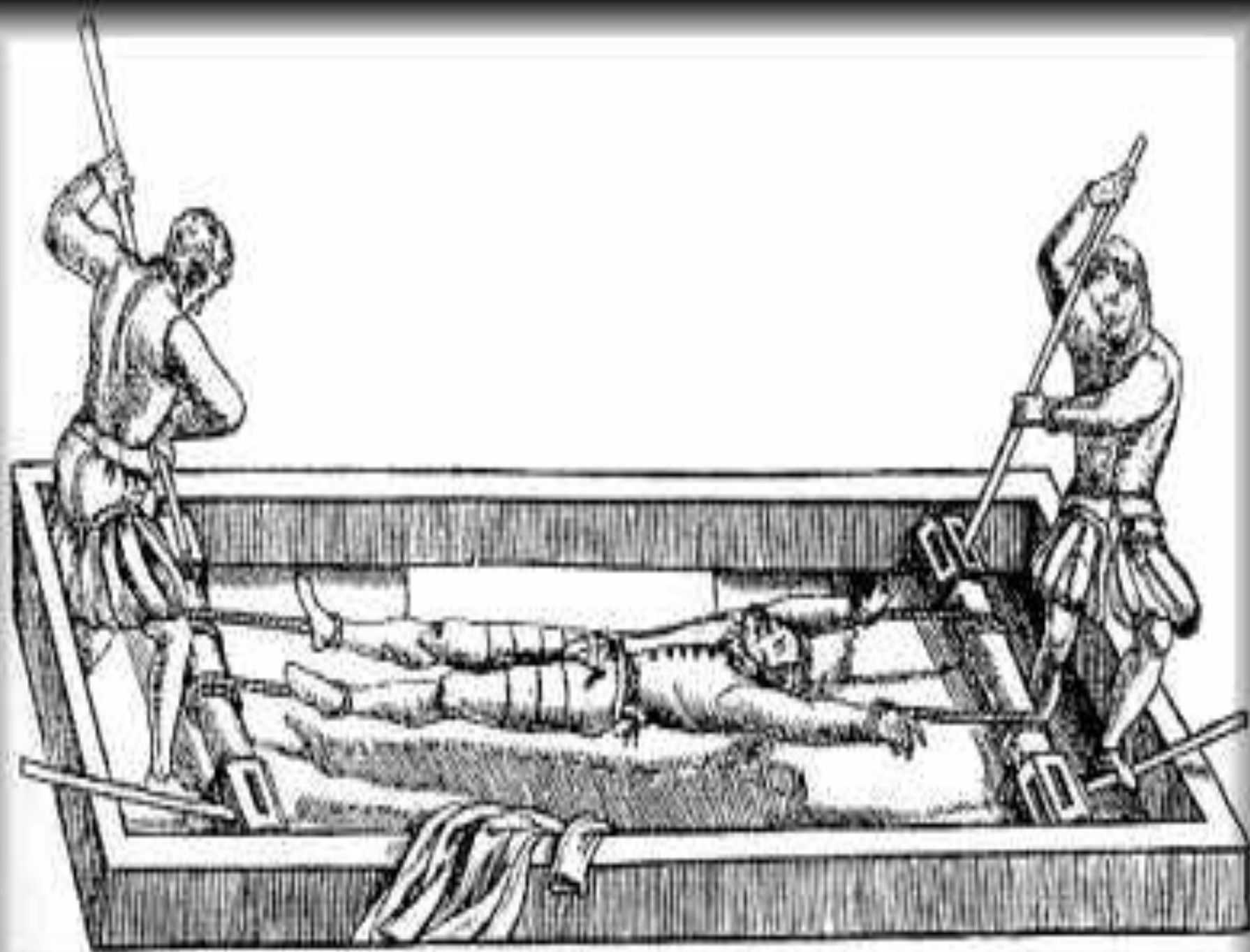


The Inquisition









N. No more indulgences



Contemporary representation of indulgence sales to a priest.

S. Stop spread of Protestants: 30 Years' War

-Hapsburgs (Catholic rulers of Holy Roman Empire) fight Protestant princes in N'ern German city-states

Q: Whose Protestant teachings had spread to princes in N'ern German city-states?

Q: What do you think would be a better way than war to handle a situation where people in 1 country have different religions?

Results of the REFORMATION-

Yes SIR

Changing cultural values, traditions and philosophies led to the growth of

- **S=Secularism**
- **I=Individualism**
- **R=Religious tolerance eventually grew**

The role of the printing press in the spread of new ideas.

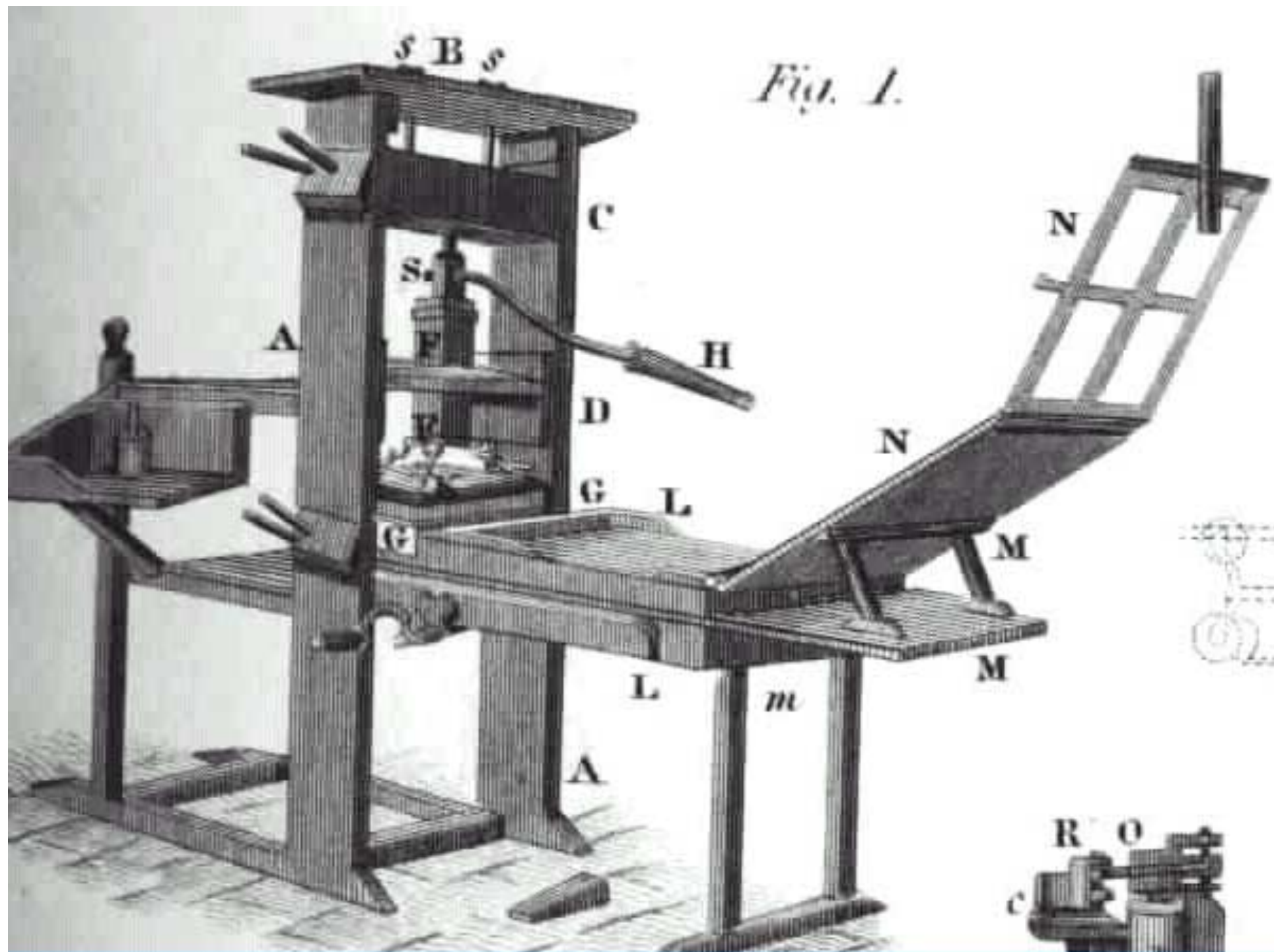
Growth of literacy was stimulated by the Gutenberg printing press.

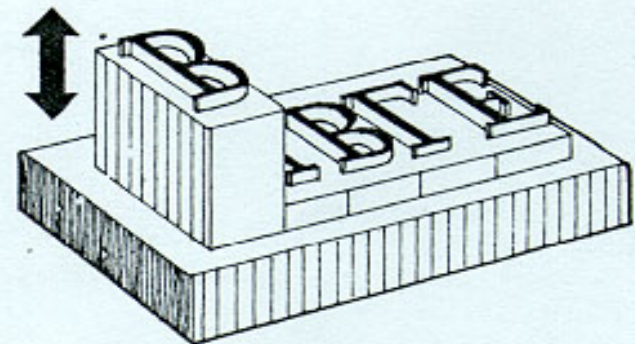
The Bible was printed in English, French, and German

These factors had an important impact on spreading the ideas of the Reformation and the Renaissance

Johannes Gutenberg







The Spread of the Printing Press

